

FIG. 1B

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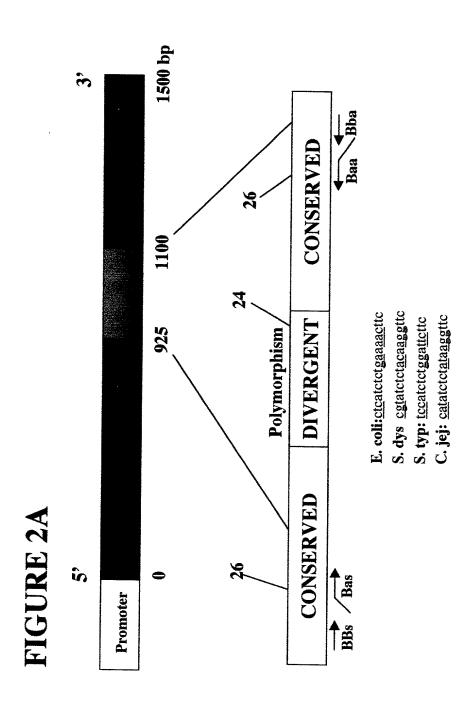
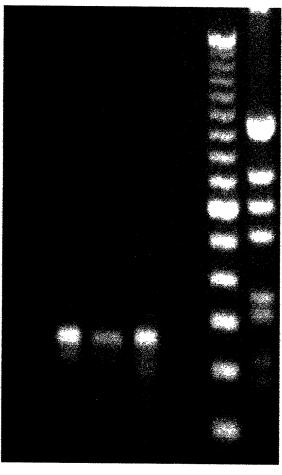
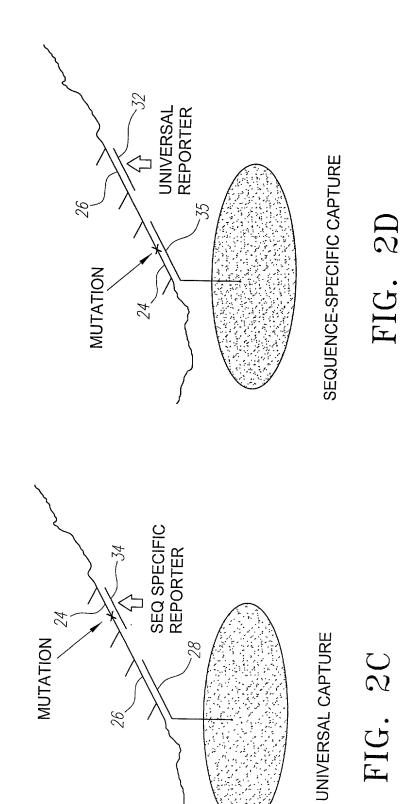


FIGURE 2B

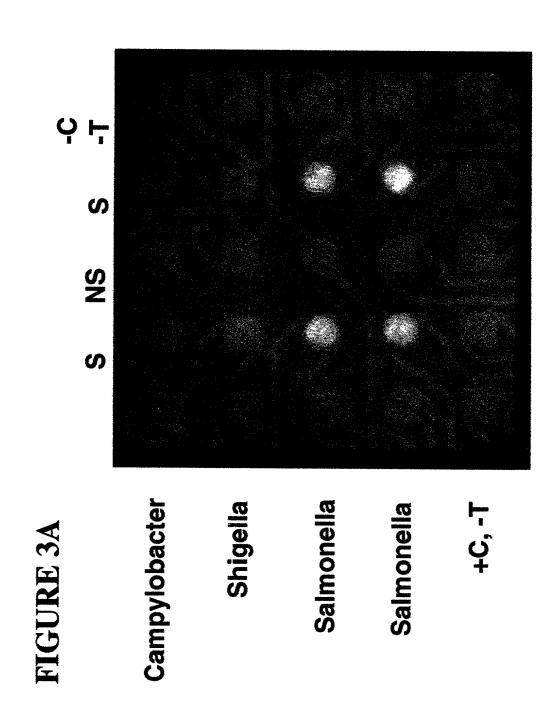
Control E.coli 0157:H7 Shigella

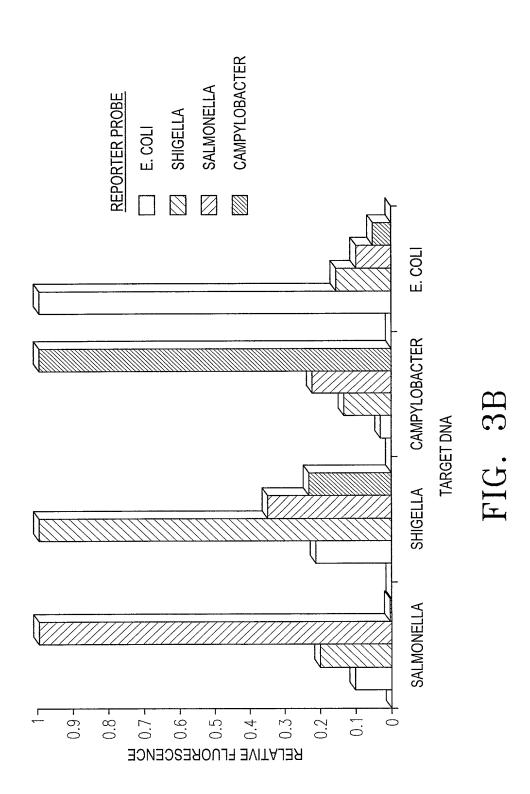
Salmonella M1 M2

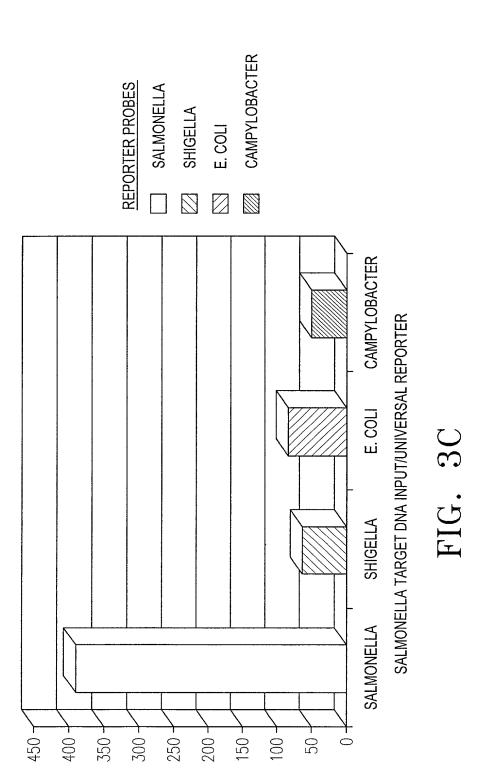




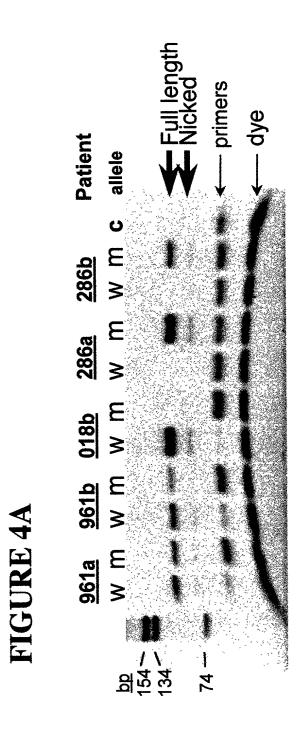
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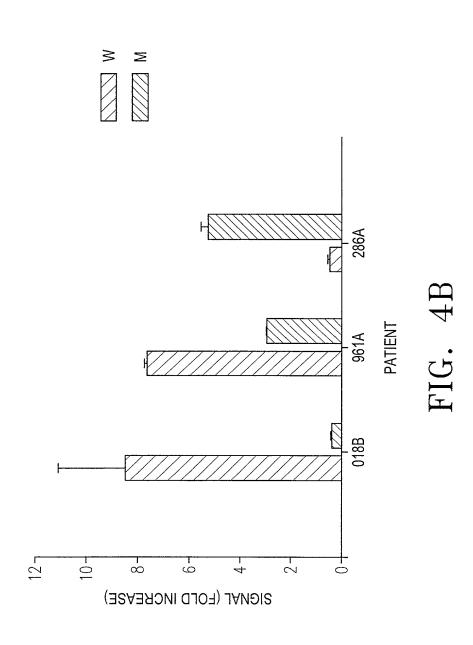




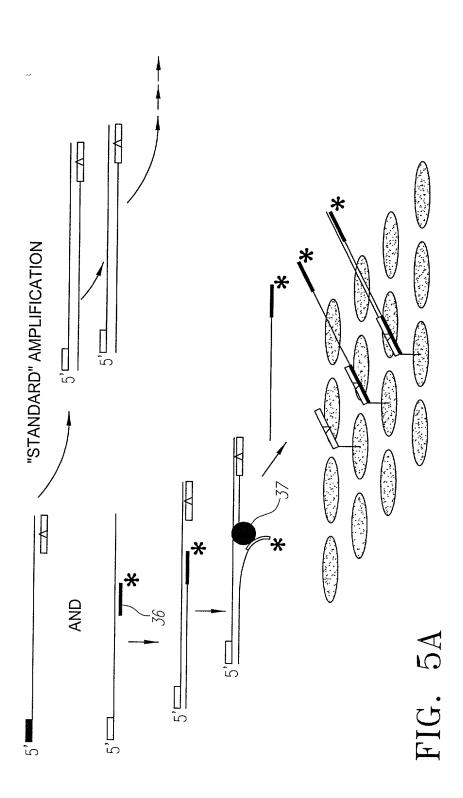




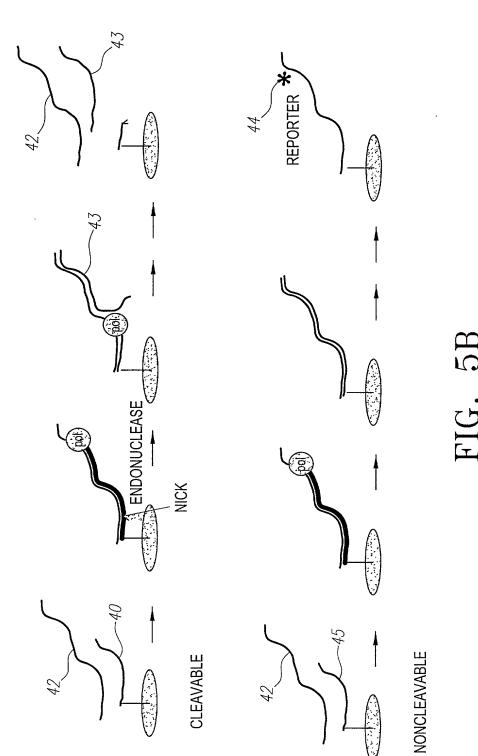
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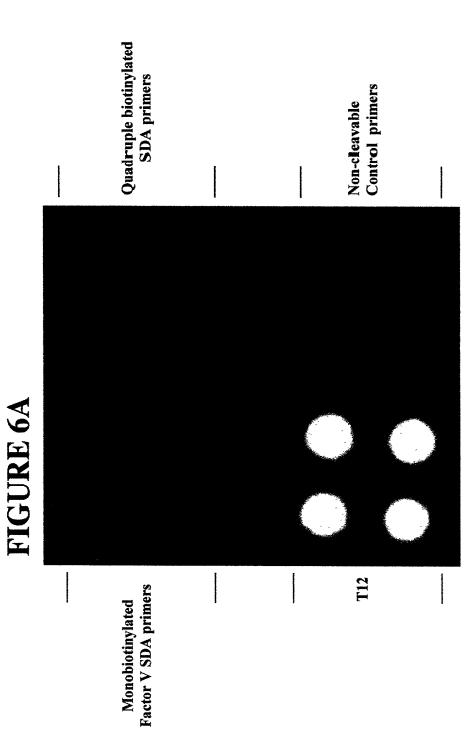
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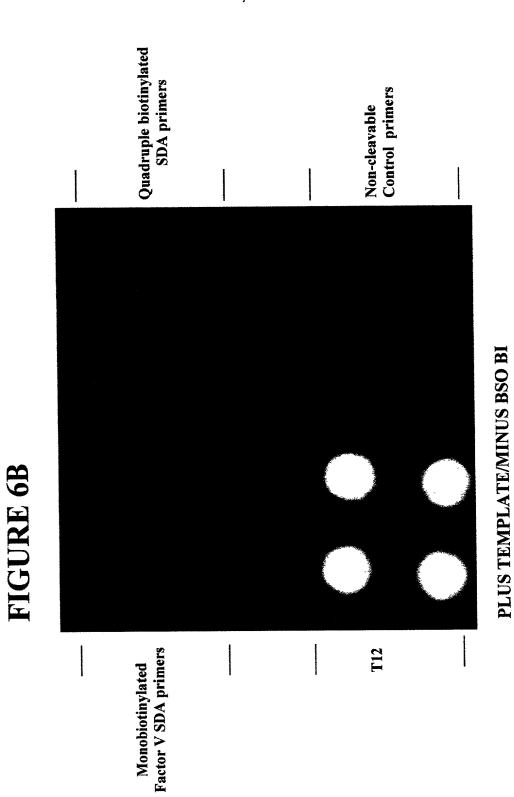


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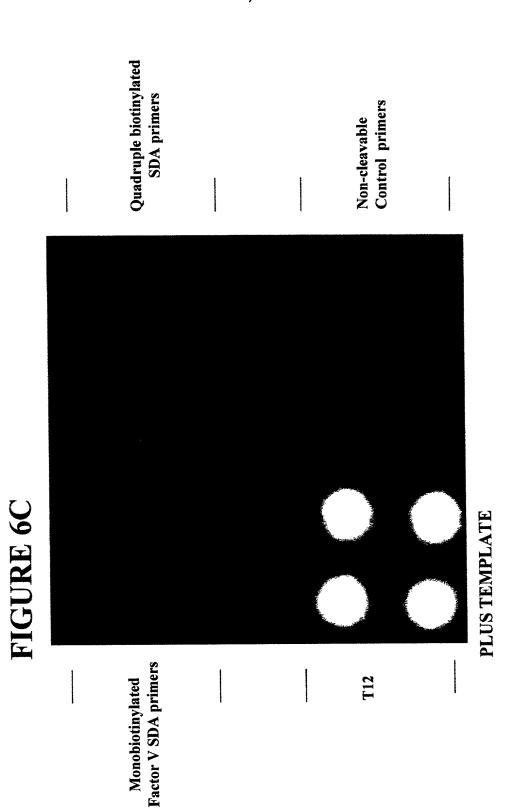


NO TEMPLATE

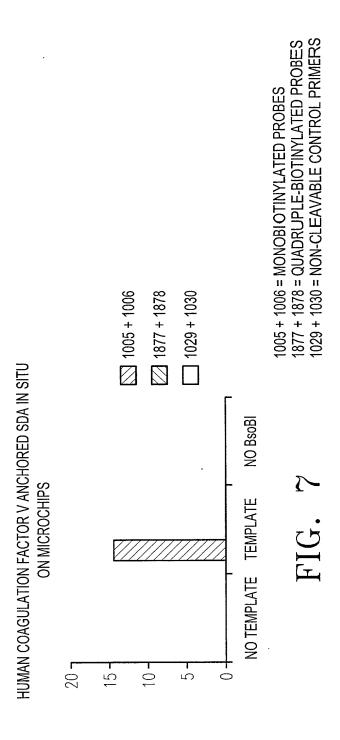
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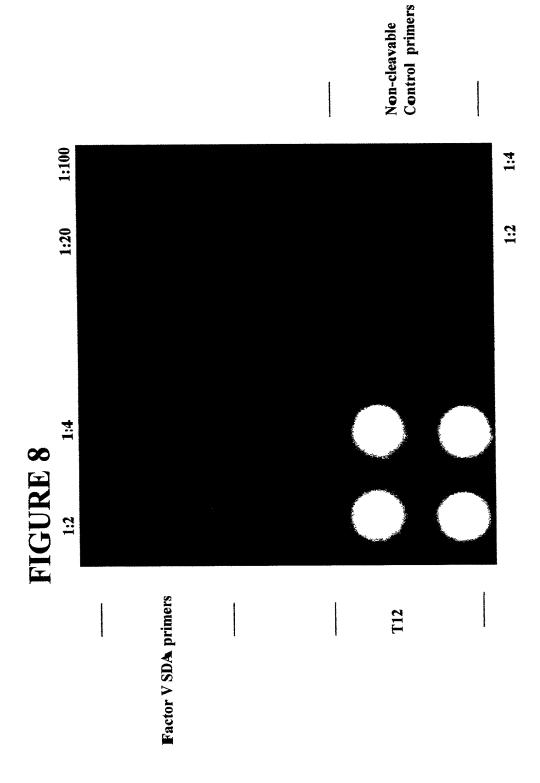
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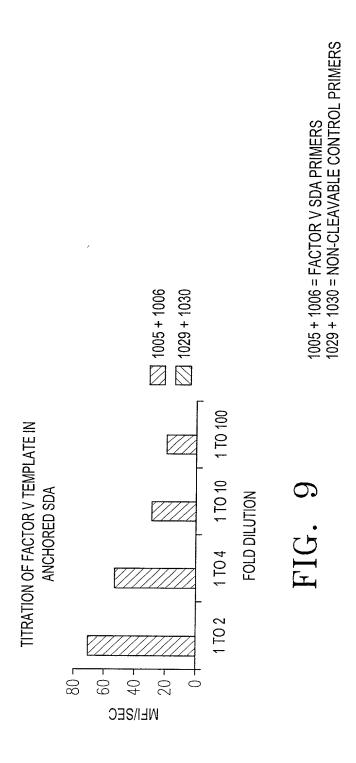


FIGURE 10A

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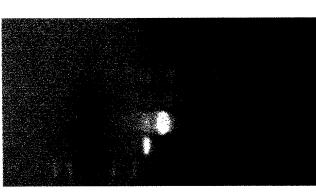




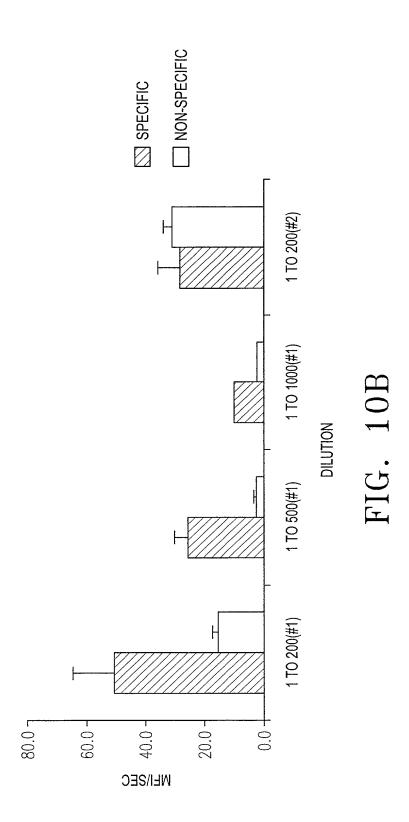
2. PCR amplification 1. mol wt markers

3. NASBA 1X template

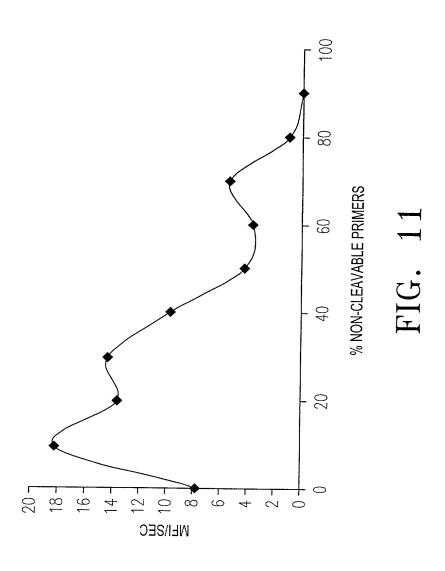
5. NASBA 1,000,000X diluted template6. NASBA - no template 4. NASBA 1,000X diluted template



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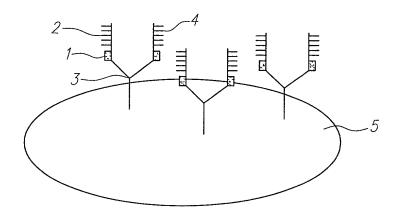
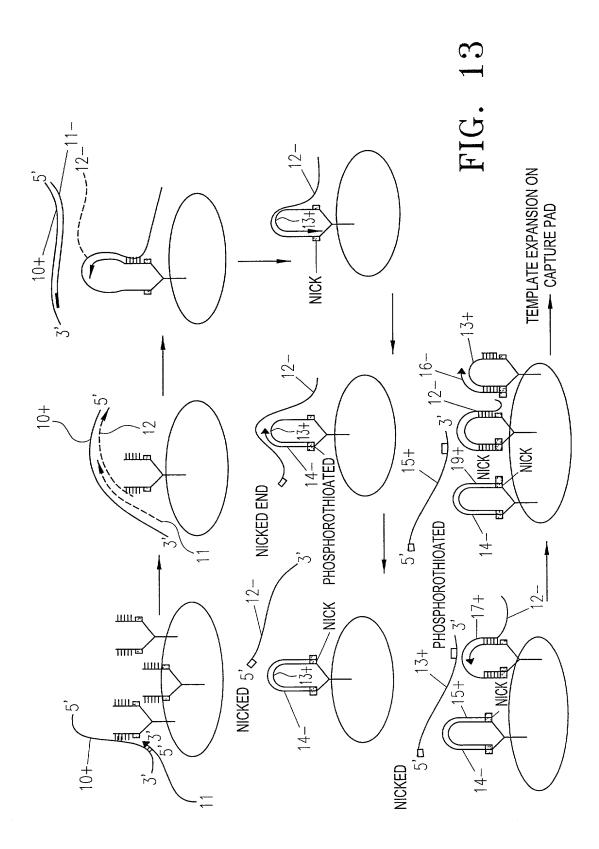
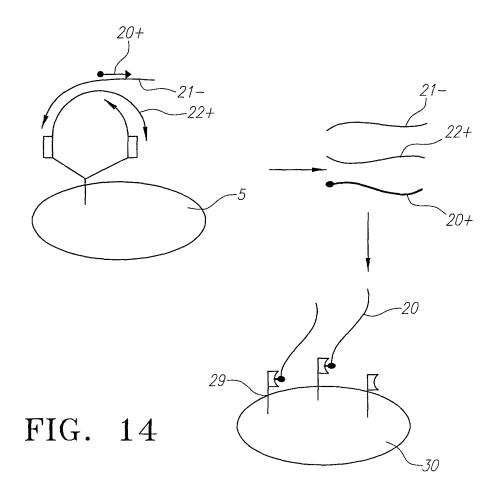


FIG. 12





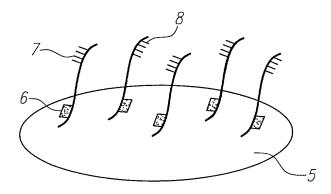
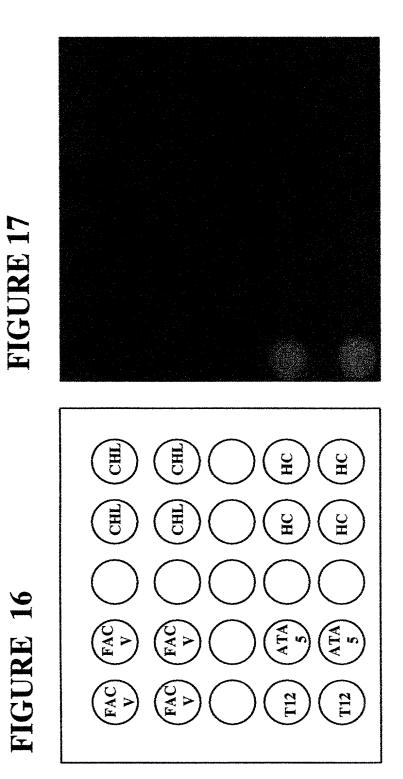


FIG. 15

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Experimental Layout

Control - No template + all reporter oligos

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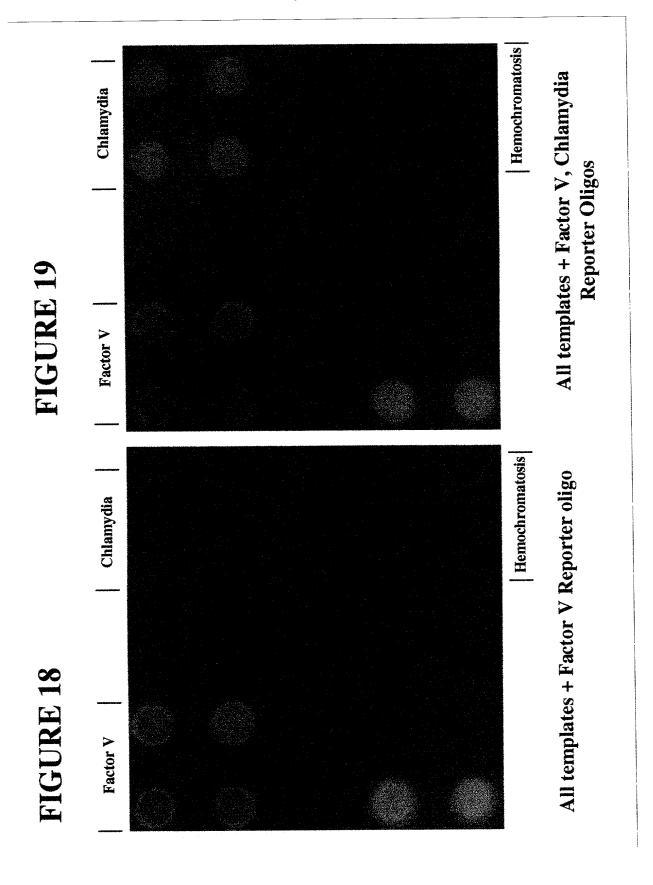
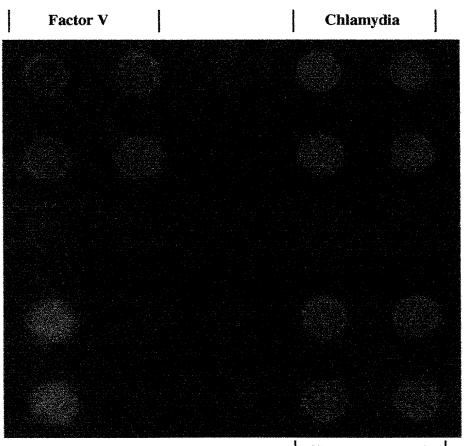


FIGURE 20



Hemochromatosis

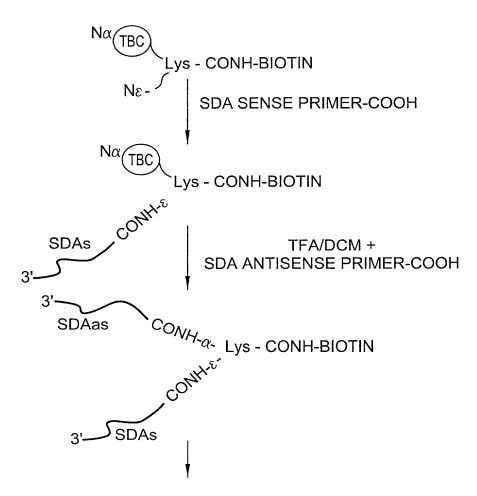
All templates + Factor V, Chlamydia and Hemachromatosis reporter oligos

FIGURE 21

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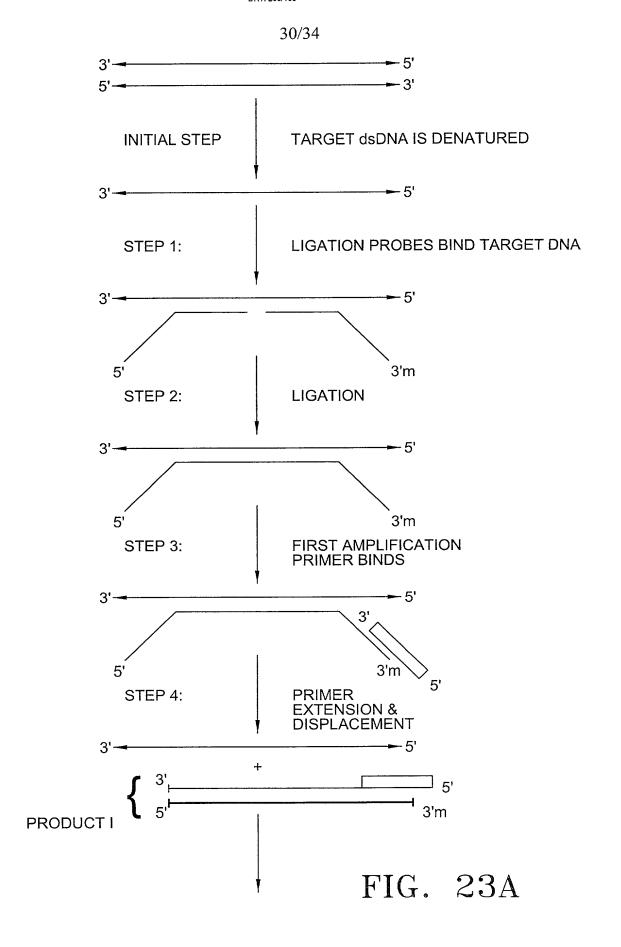
Control Solution SDA reactions

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ATTACH TO STREPTAVIDIN PERMEATION LAYER ON MICROCHIP

FIG. 22



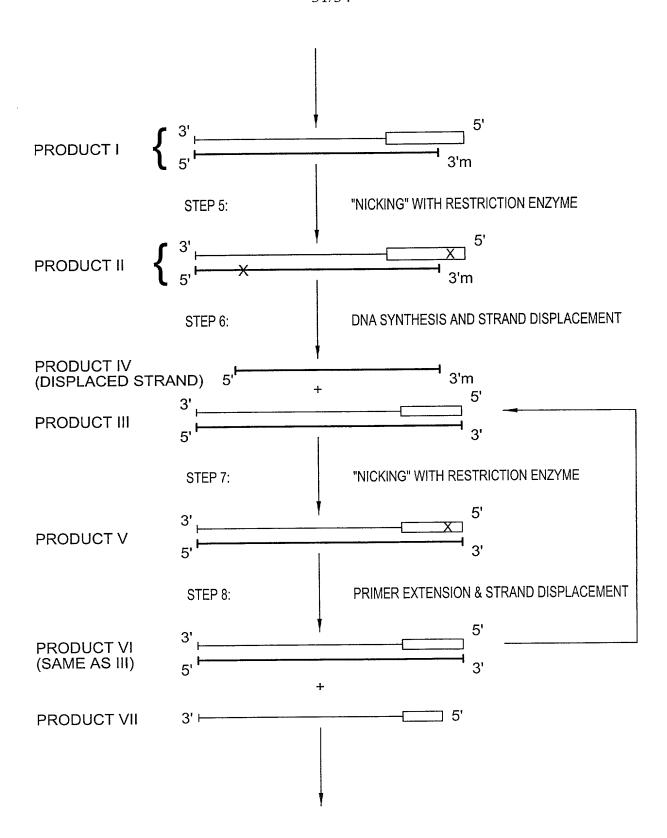
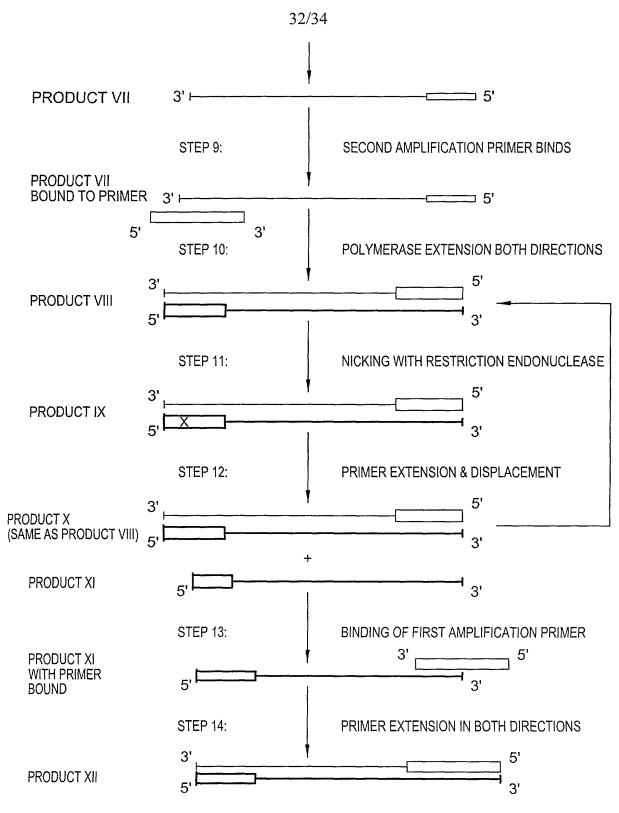


FIG. 23B



(PRODUCT XII CAN RE-ENTER PATHWAY AND BE FURTHER AMPLIFIED IN A MANNER SIMILAR TO PRODUCT III, FOLLOWING STEP 6)

FIG. 23C

LIGATION-DEPENDENT DETECTION OF THE SALMONELLA spaQ GENE LIGATION PROBES LP1 AND LP2:

spaQ¹ TEMPLATE LP12

3'-cctatcaatttacctactaaatcacgattatcccctagagtcatgtgggctc

ttcagacctcgccttagc-5'

AMPLIFICATION PRIMER SEQUENCES S1 AND S2:

 $S1^4$

LP2

3'-cctatcaatttacctactaaatcacgattatcccctagagtcatgtgggctcttcagacctcgccttagc-5'

-- S2₅--

FIG. 23D

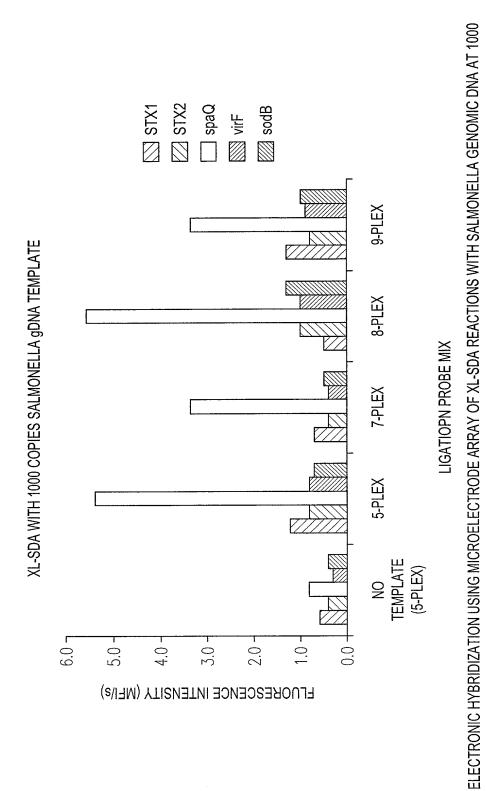


FIG. 24